

# Equity risk factors and the Intertemporal CAPM

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# Outline

## 1 Motivation

## 2 Cross-sectional tests

- Models
- Data
- Factor risk premia

## 3 Future investment opportunities

- State variables
- Forecasting the equity premium
- Forecasting stock market volatility

## 4 Economic activity

## 5 ICAPM state variables

## 6 Conclusion

- New CAPM anomalies in recent years: momentum-, investment- and profitability-based anomalies
- Emergence of new multifactor models containing (different versions of) investment and profitability factors (e.g., Novy-Marx (2013), Fama and French (2014a), and Hou, Xue, and Zhang (2014a)) seeking to explain the extended cross-section of average stock returns
- Although these models perform relatively well in explaining the new patterns in cross-sectional risk premia, there is still some controversy about the theoretical background of such models (e.g., Hou, Xue, and Zhang (2014a) critique on Fama and French (2014a))
- We evaluate whether several equity factor models are consistent with the Merton's Intertemporal CAPM (Merton (1973), ICAPM)

- Three-factor model from Fama and French (1993, 1996, FF3):

$$E(R_{i,t+1} - R_{f,t+1}) = \gamma \text{Cov}(R_{i,t+1}, RM_{t+1}) + \gamma_{SMB} \text{Cov}(R_{i,t+1}, SMB_{t+1}) \\ + \gamma_{HML} \text{Cov}(R_{i,t+1}, HML_{t+1})$$

- Four-factor model from Carhart (1997, C4):

$$E(R_{i,t+1} - R_{f,t+1}) = \gamma \text{Cov}(R_{i,t+1}, RM_{t+1}) + \gamma_{SMB} \text{Cov}(R_{i,t+1}, SMB_{t+1}) \\ + \gamma_{HML} \text{Cov}(R_{i,t+1}, HML_{t+1}) + \gamma_{UMD} \text{Cov}(R_{i,t+1}, UMD_{t+1})$$

- Four-factor model employed by Pastor and Stambaugh (2003, PS4):

$$E(R_{i,t+1} - R_{f,t+1}) = \gamma \text{Cov}(R_{i,t+1}, RM_{t+1}) + \gamma_{SMB} \text{Cov}(R_{i,t+1}, SMB_{t+1}) \\ + \gamma_{HML} \text{Cov}(R_{i,t+1}, HML_{t+1}) + \gamma_{LIQ} \text{Cov}(R_{i,t+1}, LIQ_{t+1})$$

- Four-factor model from Novy-Marx (2013, NM4):

$$E(R_{i,t+1} - R_{f,t+1}) = \gamma \text{Cov}(R_{i,t+1}, RM_{t+1}) + \gamma_{HML^*} \text{Cov}(R_{i,t+1}, HML_{t+1}^* \\ + \gamma_{UMD^*} \text{Cov}(R_{i,t+1}, UMD_{t+1}^*) + \gamma_{PMU^*} \text{Cov}(R_{i,t+1}, PMU_{t+1}^*)$$

- Four-factor model from Hou, Xue, and Zhang (2014a, 2014b, HXZ4):

$$E(R_{i,t+1} - R_{f,t+1}) = \gamma \text{Cov}(R_{i,t+1}, RM_{t+1}) + \gamma_{ME} \text{Cov}(R_{i,t+1}, ME_{t+1}) \\ + \gamma_{IA} \text{Cov}(R_{i,t+1}, IA_{t+1}) + \gamma_{ROE} \text{Cov}(R_{i,t+1}, ROE_{t+1})$$

- Five-factor model by Fama and French (2014a, 2014b, FF5):

$$E(R_{i,t+1} - R_{f,t+1}) = \gamma \text{Cov}(R_{i,t+1}, RM_{t+1}) + \gamma_{SMB} \text{Cov}(R_{i,t+1}, SMB_{t+1}) \\ + \gamma_{HML} \text{Cov}(R_{i,t+1}, HML_{t+1}) + \gamma_{RMW} \text{Cov}(R_{i,t+1}, RMW_{t+1}) \\ + \gamma_{CMA} \text{Cov}(R_{i,t+1}, CMA_{t+1})$$

Data

## Correlations of equity factors

## Factor risk premia

- Testing portfolios: deciles sorted on size, book-to-market, momentum, investment-to-assets, return on equity, operating profitability, and asset growth
- Sample: 1972:01 to 2012:12
- Estimation is by first-stage GMM
- Maio and Santa-Clara (2012):
  - If a state variable forecasts an increase in future aggregate returns, the risk price associated with the corresponding risk factor in the asset pricing equation should be positive
  - If a state variable forecasts an increase in future aggregate stock volatility, the risk price associated with the corresponding factor should be negative

## Factor risk premia

## Factor risk premiums for equity risk factors

## State variables

- A candidate ICAPM state variable should forecast future investment opportunities
- The state variables correspond to the cumulative sums on the corresponding factors:

$$CIA_t = \sum_{s=t-59}^t IA_s$$

- Single long-horizon predictive regressions:

$$r_{t+1,t+q} = a_q + b_q z_t + u_{t+1,t+q}$$

where  $r_{t+1,t+q} \equiv r_{t+1} + \dots + r_{t+q}$  is the continuously compounded excess return over  $q$  periods into the future (from  $t + 1$  to  $t + q$ )

- Multivariate regressions:

$$r_{t+1,t+q} = a_q + b_q CSMB_t + c_q CHML_t + u_{t+1,t+q},$$

$$r_{t+1,t+q} = a_q + b_q CSMB_t + c_q CHML_t + d_q CUMD_t + u_{t+1,t+q},$$

$$r_{t+1,t+q} = a_q + b_q CSMB_t + c_q CHML_t + d_q CLIQ_t + u_{t+1,t+q},$$

$$r_{t+1,t+q} = a_q + b_q CHML_t^* + c_q CUMD_t^* + d_q CPMU_t^* + u_{t+1,t+q},$$

$$r_{t+1,t+q} = a_q + b_q CME_t + c_q CIA_t + d_q CROE_t + u_{t+1,t+q},$$

$$r_{t+1,t+q} = a_q + b_q CSMB_t + c_q CHML_t + d_q CRMW_t + e_q CCMA_t + u_{t+1,t+q}$$

Forecasting the equity premium

## Single predictive regressions: equity premium

	$q = 1$	$q = 3$	$q = 12$	$q = 24$	$q = 36$	$q = 48$	$q = 60$
<i>CSMB</i>	-0.00 (-0.15)	-0.01 (-0.39)	-0.10 (-0.16)	0.02 (0.25)	0.01 (0.06)	0.01 (0.07)	-0.04 (-0.17)
$R^2$	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
<i>CHML</i>	0.00 (0.07)	0.01 (0.28)	0.08 (1.03)	0.12 (0.70)	0.12 (0.41)	-0.09 (-0.25)	-0.19 (-0.54)
$R^2$	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.02
<i>CUMD</i>	-0.01 (-1.37)	-0.03 (-1.33)	-0.04 (-0.47)	0.01 (0.06)	0.16 (0.76)	0.31 (1.38)	0.25 (1.21)
$R^2$	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.02	0.06	0.03
<i>CLIQ</i>	-0.00 (-0.59)	-0.01 (-0.60)	-0.03 (-0.38)	-0.07 (-0.58)	-0.20 (-1.29)	-0.33 (-1.90)	-0.36 (-1.90)
$R^2$	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.05	0.12	0.13
<i>CHML*</i>	0.01 (0.37)	0.02 (0.50)	0.12 (0.86)	0.21 (0.74)	0.18 (0.39)	-0.16 (-0.25)	-0.47 (-0.73)
$R^2$	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.04
<i>CUMD*</i>	-0.02 (-1.55)	-0.05 (-1.55)	-0.08 (-0.58)	-0.01 (-0.04)	0.17 (0.45)	0.50 (1.21)	0.51 (1.35)
$R^2$	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.01	0.05	0.04

## Single predictive regressions: equity premium (contd)

	$q = 1$	$q = 3$	$q = 12$	$q = 24$	$q = 36$	$q = 48$	$q = 60$
<i>CPMU*</i>	0.03 (1.44)	0.08 (1.89)	0.33 (2.11*)	0.43 (2.19*)	0.31 (1.23)	0.07 (0.19)	-0.01 (-0.03)
<i>R</i> <sup>2</sup>	0.00	0.01	0.06	0.06	0.02	0.00	0.00
<i>CME</i>	-0.00 (-0.42)	-0.01 (-0.72)	-0.02 (-0.36)	0.01 (0.17)	0.00 (0.01)	-0.03 (-0.17)	-0.11 (-0.48)
<i>R</i> <sup>2</sup>	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01
<i>CIA</i>	0.01 (0.81)	0.05 (1.00)	0.21 (1.23)	0.31 (1.16)	0.30 (0.93)	0.16 (0.38)	-0.08 (-0.14)
<i>R</i> <sup>2</sup>	0.00	0.01	0.04	0.04	0.03	0.01	0.00
<i>CROE</i>	0.00 (0.22)	0.02 (0.61)	0.21 (1.47)	0.47 (1.91)	0.64 (2.45*)	0.67 (2.39*)	0.88 (2.96**)
<i>R</i> <sup>2</sup>	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.11	0.13	0.12	0.18
<i>CRMW</i>	0.01 (1.09)	0.05 (1.81)	0.28 (2.18*)	0.38 (2.06*)	0.23 (1.31)	0.01 (0.03)	0.05 (0.25)
<i>R</i> <sup>2</sup>	0.00	0.01	0.08	0.09	0.02	0.00	0.00
<i>CCMA</i>	0.01 (0.40)	0.02 (0.53)	0.08 (0.71)	0.14 (0.85)	0.12 (0.49)	-0.10 (-0.26)	-0.34 (-0.79)
<i>R</i> <sup>2</sup>	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.04

- Single regressions:

$$svar_{t+1,t+q} = a_q + b_q z_t + u_{t+1,t+q}$$

where  $svar_{t+1,t+q} \equiv svar_{t+1} + \dots + svar_{t+q}$  and

$svar_{t+1} \equiv \ln(SVAR_{t+1})$  is the log of the realized market volatility

- Multiple regressions:

$$svar_{t+1,t+q} = a_q + b_q CSMB_t + c_q CHML_t + u_{t+1,t+q},$$

$$svar_{t+1,t+q} = a_q + b_q CSMB_t + c_q CHML_t + d_q CUMD_t + u_{t+1,t+q},$$

$$svar_{t+1,t+q} = a_q + b_q CSMB_t + c_q CHML_t + d_q CLIQ_t + u_{t+1,t+q},$$

$$svar_{t+1,t+q} = a_q + b_q CHML_t^* + c_q CUMD_t^* + d_q CPMU_t^* + u_{t+1,t+q},$$

$$svar_{t+1,t+q} = a_q + b_q CME_t + c_q CIA_t + d_q CROE_t + u_{t+1,t+q},$$

$$svar_{t+1,t+q} = a_q + b_q CSMB_t + c_q CHML_t + d_q CRMW_t + e_q CCMA_t$$

## Single predictive regressions: stock market volatility

	$q = 1$	$q = 3$	$q = 12$	$q = 24$	$q = 36$	$q = 48$	$q = 60$
<i>CSMB</i>	-0.43 (-3.10**)	-1.17 (-2.37*)	-4.02 (-1.37)	-5.48 (-0.70)	-3.37 (-0.25)	1.94 (0.10)	11.50 (0.49)
$R^2$	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.02
<i>CHML</i>	-0.88 (-5.19**)	-2.55 (-4.36**)	-8.33 (-2.41*)	-10.35 (-0.97)	-4.76 (-0.25)	8.18 (0.31)	16.04 (0.58)
$R^2$	0.06	0.07	0.06	0.03	0.00	0.01	0.02
<i>CUMD</i>	0.09 (0.50)	0.18 (0.27)	-1.68 (-0.46)	-7.33 (-0.78)	-15.19 (-1.03)	-21.85 (-1.10)	-15.29 (-0.63)
$R^2$	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.04	0.05	0.02
<i>CLIQ</i>	0.61 (3.26**)	1.83 (2.47*)	7.37 (1.60)	14.20 (1.37)	21.32 (1.42)	27.51 (1.47)	28.98 (1.46)
$R^2$	0.04	0.05	0.08	0.09	0.12	0.14	0.13
<i>CHML*</i>	-1.33 (-3.76**)	-3.97 (-3.14**)	-15.38 (-2.42*)	-24.78 (-1.41)	-22.28 (-0.74)	-4.44 (-0.11)	15.88 (0.36)
$R^2$	0.05	0.06	0.07	0.05	0.02	0.00	0.01
<i>CUMD*</i>	0.22 (0.77)	0.51 (0.48)	-2.53 (-0.44)	-13.57 (-0.86)	-32.68 (-1.23)	-58.05 (-1.70)	-57.68 (-1.86)
$R^2$	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.06	0.11	0.09

Forecasting stock market volatility

## Single predictive regressions: stock market volatility (contd)

	$q = 1$	$q = 3$	$q = 12$	$q = 24$	$q = 36$	$q = 48$	$q = 60$
<i>CPMU*</i>	0.44 (1.06)	0.76 (0.47)	-4.64 (-0.47)	-15.41 (-0.74)	-18.62 (-0.71)	-11.30 (-0.40)	7.31 (0.27)
$R^2$	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.02	0.02	0.00	0.00
<i>CME</i>	-0.41 (-3.23**)	-1.14 (-2.49*)	-3.89 (-1.42)	-5.58 (-0.76)	-4.04 (-0.32)	1.48 (0.08)	10.96 (0.51)
$R^2$	0.02	0.02	0.03	0.02	0.01	0.00	0.02
<i>CIA</i>	-1.67 (-4.41**)	-5.18 (-3.71**)	-21.23 (-3.23**)	-42.02 (-3.52**)	-56.01 (-3.54**)	-58.21 (-2.43*)	-40.13 (-1.30)
$R^2$	0.09	0.12	0.18	0.22	0.21	0.13	0.04
<i>CROE</i>	0.14 (0.44)	0.10 (0.09)	-4.23 (-0.60)	-14.43 (-0.78)	-25.79 (-0.90)	-31.62 (-0.93)	-32.28 (-0.88)
$R^2$	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.03	0.04	0.04	0.04
<i>CRMW</i>	0.45 (1.46)	0.89 (0.77)	-2.90 (-0.42)	-12.17 (-0.79)	-16.76 (-0.92)	-14.43 (-0.76)	-10.09 (-0.49)
$R^2$	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.02	0.01	0.01
<i>CCMA</i>	-0.97 (-3.12**)	-3.07 (-2.63**)	-13.28 (-2.25*)	-27.53 (-2.56*)	-37.05 (-2.56*)	-34.94 (-1.66)	-20.07 (-0.77)
$R^2$	0.04	0.06	0.10	0.14	0.14	0.08	0.02

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Forecasting stock market volatility

## Consistency of factors with the ICAPM: single regressions

<i>CSMB</i>	<i>CHML</i>	<i>CUMD</i>	<i>CLIQ</i>	<i>CHML*</i>	<i>CUMD*</i>	<i>CPMU*</i>	<i>CME</i>	<i>CIA</i>	<i>CROE</i>	<i>CRMW</i>	<i>CCMA</i>
<b>Panel A (<i>r</i>)</b>											
✓	✗										
✓	✗	✗									
✓	✗		✗			✗					
				✗		✗	✗		✗	✓	
✗	✗						✗	✗	✓	✓	
<b>Panel B (<i>svar</i>)</b>											
✗	✓										
✗	✓	✗									
✗	✓		✓								
				✓			✗	✗	✓	✓	
✓	✗						✓	✓	✗	✗	✓

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Forecasting stock market volatility

## Consistency of factors with the ICAPM: multiple regressions

<i>CSMB</i>	<i>CHML</i>	<i>CUMD</i>	<i>CLIQ</i>	<i>CHML*</i>	<i>CUMD*</i>	<i>CPMU*</i>	<i>CME</i>	<i>CIA</i>	<i>CROE</i>	<i>CRMW</i>	<i>CCMA</i>
<b>Panel A (<i>r</i>)</b>											
✓	✗										
✓	✗	✗									
✓	✗		✗			✗	✗	✗	✗	✓	
✗	✗							✗	✗	✓	
<b>Panel B (<i>svar</i>)</b>											
✓	✓										
✓	✓	✗									
✗	✓		✓			✓	✓	✗	✗	✓	
✗	✓							✗	✓	✗	

- Economic activity as a proxy for investment opportunities (Roll's critique)
- Two measures of economic activity: log growth in the industrial production index (*IPG*) and the Chicago FED National Activity Index (*CFED*)
- Single regressions:

$$y_{t+1,t+q} = a_q + b_q z_t + u_{t+1,t+q}$$

where  $y \equiv IPG, CFED$  and  $y_{t+1,t+q} \equiv y_{t+1} + \dots + y_{t+q}$  denotes the forward cumulative sum in either *IPG* or *CFED*

## Single predictive regressions: industrial production growth

	$q = 1$	$q = 3$	$q = 12$	$q = 24$	$q = 36$	$q = 48$	$q = 60$
<i>CSMB</i>	-0.00 (-0.33)	-0.00 (-0.48)	-0.02 (-0.88)	-0.03 (-0.99)	-0.04 (-0.95)	-0.06 (-1.12)	-0.08 (-1.17)
$R^2$	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.02	0.03	0.05	0.08
<i>CHML</i>	0.00 (0.70)	0.00 (0.72)	0.01 (0.75)	0.02 (0.44)	-0.05 (-0.81)	-0.13 (-1.43)	-0.18 (-1.94)
$R^2$	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.02	0.11	0.21
<i>CUMD</i>	-0.00 (-1.24)	-0.00 (-1.10)	0.01 (0.30)	0.05 (0.82)	0.11 (1.67)	0.18 (2.50*)	0.16 (2.25*)
$R^2$	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.11	0.22	0.14
<i>CLIQ</i>	-0.00 (-1.50)	-0.01 (-1.50)	-0.02 (-1.21)	-0.05 (-1.06)	-0.09 (-1.49)	-0.15 (-2.33*)	-0.18 (-2.74**)
$R^2$	0.01	0.01	0.03	0.04	0.11	0.27	0.33
<i>CHML*</i>	0.00 (1.39)	0.01 (1.36)	0.03 (1.04)	0.05 (0.81)	-0.05 (-0.56)	-0.19 (-1.36)	-0.35 (-2.03*)
$R^2$	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.07	0.21
<i>CUMD*</i>	-0.00 (-2.02*)	-0.01 (-1.93)	-0.00 (-0.02)	0.06 (0.66)	0.17 (1.42)	0.34 (2.26*)	0.31 (2.11*)
$R^2$	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.02	0.10	0.23	0.16

## Single predictive regressions: industrial production growth (contd)

	$q = 1$	$q = 3$	$q = 12$	$q = 24$	$q = 36$	$q = 48$	$q = 60$
<i>CPMU*</i>	0.00 (0.14)	0.00 (0.37)	0.07 (1.33)	0.15 (1.76)	0.17 (1.87)	0.12 (0.82)	0.08 (0.42)
$R^2$	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.08	0.07	0.03	0.01
<i>CME</i>	-0.00 (-0.46)	-0.00 (-0.60)	-0.02 (-0.98)	-0.03 (-1.04)	-0.05 (-1.12)	-0.07 (-1.44)	-0.10 (-1.59)
$R^2$	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.02	0.04	0.08	0.13
<i>CIA</i>	0.01 (2.16*)	0.02 (1.96*)	0.08 (1.59)	0.11 (1.50)	0.07 (1.14)	0.00 (0.01)	-0.17 (-1.17)
$R^2$	0.02	0.05	0.08	0.07	0.02	0.00	0.05
<i>CROE</i>	-0.00 (-0.36)	-0.00 (-0.08)	0.05 (1.20)	0.18 (2.04*)	0.31 (3.73**)	0.37 (4.83**)	0.42 (5.11**)
$R^2$	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.19	0.35	0.38	0.42
<i>CRMW</i>	-0.00 (-0.46)	-0.00 (-0.19)	0.04 (1.08)	0.11 (1.55)	0.11 (1.82)	0.05 (0.49)	0.04 (0.31)
$R^2$	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.08	0.06	0.01	0.00
<i>CCMA</i>	0.00 (1.59)	0.01 (1.47)	0.04 (1.17)	0.04 (0.81)	-0.01 (-0.25)	-0.10 (-1.22)	-0.24 (-2.30*)
$R^2$	0.01	0.02	0.03	0.01	0.00	0.04	0.20

## Single predictive regressions: Chicago FED Index

	$q = 1$	$q = 3$	$q = 12$	$q = 24$	$q = 36$	$q = 48$	$q = 60$
<i>CSMB</i>	0.08 (0.36)	0.11 (0.13)	-0.70 (-0.17)	-1.50 (-0.20)	-1.59 (-0.16)	-3.74 (-0.30)	-6.47 (-0.41)
$R^2$	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01
<i>CHML</i>	0.83 (4.64**)	2.48 (3.98**)	9.35 (2.81**)	12.85 (2.06*)	1.92 (0.18)	-16.87 (-0.99)	-33.12 (-1.79)
$R^2$	0.04	0.06	0.07	0.05	0.00	0.04	0.16
<i>CUMD</i>	0.02 (0.12)	0.10 (0.19)	3.37 (0.88)	13.80 (1.30)	31.72 (2.35*)	51.13 (3.10**)	50.34 (3.03**)
$R^2$	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.08	0.21	0.37	0.33
<i>CLIQ</i>	-0.21 (-1.12)	-0.67 (-0.97)	-2.91 (-0.71)	-5.52 (-0.58)	-12.71 (-0.92)	-24.56 (-1.53)	-31.90 (-2.05*)
$R^2$	0.00	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.05	0.15	0.23
<i>CHML*</i>	1.59 (4.53**)	4.81 (3.67**)	18.54 (2.75**)	28.69 (2.39*)	12.92 (0.70)	-23.12 (-0.85)	-67.91 (-2.11*)
$R^2$	0.06	0.08	0.09	0.07	0.01	0.02	0.19
<i>CUMD*</i>	-0.09 (-0.49)	-0.23 (-0.36)	3.15 (0.60)	18.58 (1.14)	48.85 (2.01*)	86.35 (2.64**)	83.47 (2.66**)
$R^2$	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.05	0.17	0.32	0.28

## Single predictive regressions: Chicago FED Index (contd)

	$q = 1$	$q = 3$	$q = 12$	$q = 24$	$q = 36$	$q = 48$	$q = 60$
<i>CPMU*</i>	-0.44 (-0.83)	-0.86 (-0.43)	5.75 (0.49)	19.10 (0.91)	22.99 (1.15)	9.98 (0.42)	-8.85 (-0.27)
$R^2$	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.03	0.03	0.00	0.00
<i>CME</i>	0.08 (0.43)	0.14 (0.20)	-0.43 (-0.12)	-1.08 (-0.16)	-2.16 (-0.25)	-6.02 (-0.57)	-10.48 (-0.75)
$R^2$	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	0.03
<i>CIA</i>	2.24 (5.29**)	6.92 (4.25**)	27.59 (3.30**)	45.80 (3.34**)	46.72 (3.49**)	31.84 (1.32)	-13.33 (-0.50)
$R^2$	0.13	0.19	0.26	0.27	0.17	0.05	0.01
<i>CROE</i>	0.10 (0.37)	0.54 (0.54)	9.55 (1.26)	35.21 (1.93)	65.72 (3.05**)	80.59 (3.65**)	90.10 (4.23**)
$R^2$	0.00	0.00	0.03	0.16	0.34	0.38	0.45
<i>CRMW</i>	-0.41 (-1.18)	-0.92 (-0.70)	3.89 (0.46)	15.96 (0.95)	17.91 (1.15)	4.87 (0.30)	-6.38 (-0.31)
$R^2$	0.01	0.00	0.01	0.04	0.03	0.00	0.00
<i>CCMA</i>	1.40 (4.31**)	4.29 (3.45**)	16.43 (2.56*)	24.29 (2.45*)	18.82 (1.67)	-0.95 (-0.06)	-36.33 (-2.02*)
$R^2$	0.07	0.10	0.13	0.11	0.04	0.00	0.11

## Consistency of factors with the ICAPM: economic activity

- Multiple forecasting regressions for the equity premium:

$$r_{t+1,t+q} = a_q + b_q z_t + c_q TERM_t + d_q DEF_t + e_q dp_t + f_q TB_t + g_q vs_t + h_q pe_t + u$$

- Multiple forecasting regressions for market volatility:

$$svar_{t+1,t+q} = a_q + b_q z_t + c_q TERM_t + d_q DEF_t + e_q dp_t + f_q TB_t + g_q vs_t + h_q pe_t + u$$

## Predictive regressions for equity premium: controls

	$q = 1$	$q = 3$	$q = 12$	$q = 24$	$q = 36$	$q = 48$	$q = 60$
<i>CSMB</i>	0.00 (0.16)	-0.01 (-0.30)	0.03 (0.36)	0.16 (1.46)	0.18 (1.20)	0.22 (1.24)	0.12 (0.60)
$R^2$	-0.00	0.02	0.15	0.30	0.44	0.51	0.56
<i>CHML</i>	-0.01 (-0.62)	-0.03 (-0.78)	-0.04 (-0.48)	0.06 (0.39)	0.17 (0.82)	-0.12 (-0.43)	-0.10 (-0.70)
$R^2$	-0.00	0.02	0.15	0.28	0.42	0.49	0.55
<i>CUMD</i>	-0.01 (-0.74)	-0.01 (-0.59)	0.02 (0.23)	0.10 (0.75)	0.31 (2.21*)	0.39 (2.39*)	0.25 (1.55)
$R^2$	-0.00	0.02	0.15	0.29	0.47	0.54	0.57
<i>CLIQ</i>	-0.00 (-0.11)	-0.01 (-0.21)	-0.04 (-0.32)	0.02 (0.11)	-0.20 (-1.18)	-0.09 (-0.79)	0.29 (1.56)
$R^2$	-0.00	0.02	0.15	0.28	0.43	0.49	0.57
<i>CHML*</i>	0.01 (0.38)	0.02 (0.36)	0.04 (0.26)	0.25 (0.86)	0.50 (1.39)	0.23 (0.52)	0.05 (0.16)
$R^2$	-0.00	0.02	0.15	0.29	0.44	0.49	0.55
<i>CUMD*</i>	-0.01 (-0.98)	-0.03 (-0.89)	-0.01 (-0.07)	0.09 (0.43)	0.32 (1.57)	0.60 (2.68**)	0.68 (2.25*)
$R^2$	0.00	0.02	0.15	0.28	0.44	0.52	0.59

## Predictive regressions for equity premium: controls (contd)

	$q = 1$	$q = 3$	$q = 12$	$q = 24$	$q = 36$	$q = 48$	$q = 60$
<i>CPMU*</i>	0.07 (2.83**)	0.23 (3.70**)	0.84 (3.15**)	1.18 (5.74**)	1.06 (3.54**)	0.84 (2.01*)	1.15 (3.26**)
$R^2$	0.01	0.07	0.31	0.47	0.53	0.55	0.64
<i>CME</i>	-0.00 (-0.33)	-0.02 (-0.79)	0.01 (0.18)	0.16 (1.58)	0.21 (1.46)	0.18 (1.07)	0.06 (0.39)
$R^2$	-0.00	0.00	0.15	0.30	0.45	0.50	0.55
<i>CIA</i>	0.02 (1.10)	0.08 (1.39)	0.23 (1.00)	0.27 (1.07)	0.23 (1.27)	-0.06 (-0.36)	-0.29 (-0.96)
$R^2$	0.00	0.03	0.17	0.30	0.43	0.49	0.56
<i>CROE</i>	0.01 (0.62)	0.06 (1.32)	0.35 (1.76)	0.63 (2.61**)	0.61 (2.80**)	0.27 (0.99)	0.44 (1.42)
$R^2$	-0.00	0.03	0.20	0.38	0.49	0.50	0.58
<i>CRMW</i>	0.02 (1.63)	0.09 (2.67**)	0.40 (2.47*)	0.56 (3.24**)	0.35 (2.21*)	0.15 (0.68)	0.36 (1.86)
$R^2$	0.00	0.04	0.26	0.40	0.46	0.49	0.58
<i>CCMA</i>	0.01 (0.48)	0.03 (0.62)	0.07 (0.44)	0.14 (0.74)	0.22 (1.24)	-0.05 (-0.22)	-0.21 (-0.74)
$R^2$	-0.00	0.02	0.15	0.28	0.43	0.49	0.56

## Predictive regressions for stock market volatility: controls

	$q = 1$	$q = 3$	$q = 12$	$q = 24$	$q = 36$	$q = 48$	$q = 60$
<i>CSMB</i>	-1.13 (-5.85**)	-3.07 (-4.85**)	-11.83 (-3.61**)	-20.55 (-3.00**)	-17.56 (-1.80)	-3.81 (-0.33)	19.26 (1.56)
$R^2$	0.35	0.41	0.49	0.58	0.61	0.63	0.62
<i>CHML</i>	-0.20 (-0.66)	-0.47 (-0.42)	-3.02 (-0.66)	-4.30 (-0.31)	7.67 (0.42)	22.16 (1.46)	17.72 (1.15)
$R^2$	0.28	0.35	0.40	0.49	0.57	0.64	0.60
<i>CUMD</i>	0.07 (0.36)	-0.11 (-0.17)	-4.56 (-1.98*)	-13.27 (-3.17**)	-18.69 (-3.08**)	-7.82 (-0.69)	11.39 (0.75)
$R^2$	0.28	0.35	0.42	0.54	0.61	0.63	0.60
<i>CLIQ</i>	0.10 (0.36)	0.33 (0.34)	2.25 (0.46)	6.89 (0.74)	18.22 (1.61)	15.91 (1.14)	1.18 (0.08)
$R^2$	0.28	0.35	0.40	0.50	0.59	0.64	0.59
<i>CHML*</i>	-0.09 (-0.19)	-0.55 (-0.34)	-8.58 (-1.19)	-26.03 (-1.13)	-35.21 (-1.05)	-38.90 (-1.33)	-45.34 (-1.54)
$R^2$	0.28	0.35	0.41	0.51	0.59	0.64	0.61
<i>CUMD*</i>	0.31 (1.06)	0.34 (0.33)	-6.93 (-1.76)	-23.45 (-3.01**)	-41.04 (-6.89**)	-50.23 (-3.95**)	-38.19 (-2.30*)
$R^2$	0.29	0.35	0.41	0.55	0.64	0.66	0.61

## Predictive regressions for stock market volatility: controls (contd)

	$q = 1$	$q = 3$	$q = 12$	$q = 24$	$q = 36$	$q = 48$	$q = 60$
$CPMU^*$	-1.08 (-2.08*)	-4.86 (-2.62**)	-32.91 (-2.95**)	-66.57 (-3.02**)	-80.92 (-3.62**)	-77.57 (-3.69**)	-56.04 (-2.15*)
$R^2$	0.29	0.38	0.52	0.65	0.70	0.71	0.63
$CME$	-0.94 (-5.19**)	-2.53 (-4.22**)	-10.64 (-3.74**)	-20.52 (-3.22**)	-20.32 (-2.12*)	-7.39 (-0.66)	13.92 (1.21)
$R^2$	0.33	0.40	0.48	0.59	0.62	0.63	0.61
$CIA$	-0.38 (-0.91)	-1.89 (-1.25)	-13.75 (-1.70)	-37.69 (-2.55*)	-59.53 (-4.05**)	-67.68 (-4.45**)	-69.84 (-2.63**)
$R^2$	0.29	0.36	0.44	0.59	0.68	0.71	0.64
$CROE$	0.91 (2.37*)	1.65 (1.26)	-1.98 (-0.26)	-9.22 (-0.61)	-9.25 (-0.52)	6.71 (0.39)	20.11 (0.97)
$R^2$	0.30	0.35	0.40	0.50	0.57	0.63	0.60
$CRMW$	-0.19 (-0.66)	-1.28 (-1.33)	-11.78 (-1.94)	-26.69 (-2.06*)	-34.44 (-2.92**)	-35.99 (-4.62**)	-36.52 (-3.11**)
$R^2$	0.28	0.35	0.44	0.57	0.64	0.68	0.64
$CCMA$	-0.22 (-0.66)	-1.17 (-0.99)	-10.71 (-1.76)	-32.44 (-2.73**)	-58.63 (-4.70**)	-78.02 (-7.67**)	-88.05 (-5.11**)
$R^2$	0.28	0.35	0.43	0.59	0.72	0.77	0.73

- The state variables associated with (alternative) profitability factors help to forecast the equity premium in a way consistent with the ICAPM
- Several state variables (those associated with investment factors) forecast a significant decline in stock volatility, being consistent with the ICAPM
- There is strong evidence of predictability for future economic activity, especially from investment and profitability factors
- The new factors are generally consistent with the ICAPM
- The four-factor model of Hou, Xue, and Zhang (2014a) presents the best convergence with the ICAPM
- The predictive ability of most equity state variables does not seem to be subsumed by traditional ICAPM state variables